

BRADSHAW, GO HOME!

Refuses 15 Million Dollars

NOW THAT THE WOODING COMMISSION has reported, the next stage was the settlement of the vital issues between the British Government and the St. Kitts Government prior to final discussions with the Anguillans. Unfortunately we the taxpayers of this country were forced to witness another wasted trip abroad by Bradshaw and his entourage. The British Government tried to find a lasting solution to our problem based upon a cooling off period followed by a referendum in Anguilla under proper international supervision. Linked up with this in a "package deal" was an offer of some 2 to 3 million pounds sterling to enable the government here to construct a jet airstrip at Golden Rock.

TO THE GREAT SHOCK AND CONSTERNATION of the British Government, British Press and West Indians, Bradshaw refused the "package" and stated over the radio that they were trying to buy him. According to press releases he had threatened to use force against Anguilla and starve Anguillans into subjection. The result was that the British Government unceremoniously told him to go home.

SINCE THAT CURT DISMISSAL BRADSHAW HAS tried to deny that he threatened to use force on Anguilla and that he had decided to starve Anguillans into subjection. He even denied being personally acquainted with Papa Doc of Haiti and that he would turn there for military support. The outcry has been so great even from some of his henchmen that the St. Kitts delegation begged to be allowed to talk again with Mr. Godber. The damage has been done however, and we seem to have thrown away our big chance of being projected into a jet tourist era.

The Bishop of Antigua has ordered that tomorrow (Sunday December 13), be observed as VOCATION SUNDAY. All Christian people of goodwill are urged to pray for more vocations to the Priesthood of the church. Special prayers will be offered in churches, and the subject will be discussed in sermons, also special yellow leaflets will be distributed.

As an active Christian

Vocation Sunday

it is your duty and privilege to be on the lookout for, and to encourage any lad or young man who may be feeling God's call to this particular vocation. The particular work of the Priest is:
 ● To establish the honour of God's Holy Name
 ● To proclaim the

faith of Jesus
 ● To teach the young
 ● To administer the Sacraments
 ● To bless our home, and
 ● To comfort the sick.
PRAY FOR MORE PRIESTS, PRAY MORE FOR PRIESTS.
 REV. FR. ROBERT BUTTOLPH

Bradshaw: British Gov't Express Willingness for Anguilla to be Crown Colony

PREMIER BRADSHAW said in a BBC interview on Wednesday evening that the failure of the London talks was that while he had accepted the Wooding Report as a basis for negotiations Britain had refused it.

The British Government was saying "that we should go outside the Wooding form of a settlement of the Anguilla matter and what they meant ... was that they would buy me off. They would offer assistance of development for St. Kitts and Nevis in return for my agreeing to their excising Anguilla and having it revert to colonial rule ... my reaction was an emphatic no".

Asked whether he was saying that the British Government or the Minister for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs had expressed a willingness to have Anguilla

returned to full crown colony status and direct rule from Britain, he said: "The answer is yes; and an emphatic yes."

Continued On Page 12

IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO ALL OUR READERS, Subscribers and Friends:—

Please take note that as from January 2, 1971, the price of the *The Democrat* will be increased to 12¢ and subscription to \$6 per year (plus mailing charges).

We are deeply grateful to all of you for your loyal patronage throughout the years and look forward to your continued support.

Mrs. Farier Gains RMN In Nursing

NEWS has been received from the United Kingdom that Mrs. Philippa Farier née Herbert has passed the final examination in Psychiatric Nursing leading to the RMN qualification.

She already holds the SRN in General Nursing.

Mrs. Farier is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. V Herbert of Central Street, Basseterre.

The *Democrat* congratulates Nurse Farier on her achievement and wishes her continued success in the years ahead.

PAM CHRISTMAS PROGRAMME 1970

- SUNDAY DECEMBER 13 — Public Meetings at NEVIS.
- MONDAY DECEMBER 14 — Film Show at Middle Island schoolroom. Admission 30 cents
- WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 16 — PAM Christmas opening. Goat stew etc from 5 p.m. Public Meeting at Headquarters 8 p.m.
- THURSDAY DECEMBER 17 — CAROLS ON RECORDS.
- FRIDAY DECEMBER 18 — PAMARAMA & Dance at Headquarters. Admission to PAMARAMA Adults \$1.00 Children 50c. DANCE \$1.25
- SATURDAY DECEMBER 19 — DANCE at Sea Breeze — Sandy Point — from 9 p.m. until. Admission \$1.00.

(To be Continued Next Week)



University Of The West Indies

Admission of Students to Degree Courses and Scholarships Examination 1971

1. APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED FOR ADMISSION in October 1971 to the three centres of the University of the West Indies whether on scholarship or as fee paying students. Students who will have attained the age of 17 years on 31st December, 1971 will normally be eligible for admission. However, applicants below this age who satisfy the normal ('A' Level) Matriculation requirements are also eligible.

2. Courses for the following degrees are offered on campuses as set out below :-

MONA JAMAICA

FACULTY OF ARTS	B.A.
FACULTY OF GENERAL STUDIES	B.A.
FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES	B.Sc.
(Accounting), (Economics), (Government), (International Relations), (Management Studies), (Public Administration), (Social Administration), (Social Sciences), (Sociology)	
FACULTY OF NATURAL SCIENCES	B.Sc.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE	M.B., B.S.
FACULTY OF LAW	(First year course only)

ST. AUGUSTINE TRINIDAD

FACULTY OF ARTS	B.A.
FACULTY OF GENERAL STUDIES	B.A.
FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES	B.Sc.
(Accounting), (Economics), (Management Studies)	
FACULTY OF LAW	(First year course only)
FACULTY OF NATURAL SCIENCES	B.Sc.
FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE	B.Sc.
(Agriculture)	
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING	B.Sc.
(Engineering)	

CAVE HILL BARBADOS

FACULTY OF ARTS	B.A.
FACULTY OF GENERAL STUDIES	B.A.
FACULTY OF NATURAL SCIENCES	B.Sc.
FACULTY OF LAW	LL.B.

Details of Courses and Qualifications

3. Full details of the qualifications required for entry are available on request. Enquiries should be addressed to the Assistant Registrar, Student Affairs, U.W.I., Mona, Jamaica; or the Assistant Registrar, Student Affairs, U.W.I., St. Augustine, Trinidad; or the Assistant Registrar, Student Affairs, U.W.I., Cave Hill, Barbados.

Applications by Fee Paying Students

4. Application forms are available from the Assistant Registrar, Student Affairs, at Mona, St. Augustine and Cave Hill and from Resident Tutors in territories without campuses. Application forms should be submitted to the Assistant Registrar at the campus at which applicants intend to read for their degree.

5. Application forms should be completed in TRIPLICATE. Applicants must NOT apply to more than one Faculty or more than one Campus in any one year.

CLOSING DATE

6. Persons who wish to enter as fee-paying students should apply for entry by 15th December, 1970. Late applications may be considered up to 31st March, 1971 but must be accompanied by a late application fee of J.\$1.05, EC \$2.52, T & T. \$2.52 which is not refundable.

APPLICATIONS FOR SCHOLARSHIPS, EXHIBITIONS, BURSARIES

7. All applicants who wish to obtain scholarship assistance from the University or certain Government Exhibitions or Bursaries must write the U.W.I. Scholarship Examination.

8. The date of the Examination to be held in 1971 will be announced later.

Each candidate must write the General Paper plus two

ASSOCIATED STATEHOOD

Continued From Page 7

held a committee meeting secretly for the purpose of negotiating local government with Mr. Johnston.

38. When Mr. Johnston visited Anguilla on 27 January, many Anguillans were in no mood to discuss the subject of local government. At Wall Blake Airport he was met by a crowd of about 400 carrying placards, some of which read as follows:

"Seeking the choice of mother's care"

"No Trinity No Premier No Statehood"

"No Statehood for Anguilla seeking care of England"

"We don't want Statehood we want England"

"No Association with St. Kitts"

"Could we be united with Bradshaw who said he will turn Anguilla into a desert?"

"We want to be free"

"We don't want Bradshaw and his Statehood"

"God Save The Queen"

"We want no Statehood"

"We will continue to be united Trinity with our Mother Country, England"

39. Most of the crowd later followed Mr. Johnston to Government House and then to the Court House where he

went to meet the people to discuss local Government. There a group of Anguillans who acted as spokesmen showed a total disinclination to discuss local government. Instead, they took the opportunity to express views against Statehood. This group did not include Anguilla's Parliamentary representative, Mr. Peter Adams, but comprised 12 persons who were subsequently to emerge as leaders of the movement for secession. They were Messrs. Atlin Harrigan, Ronald Webster, John Webster, Walter Hodge and Freddie Webster, all of Island Harbour; Mr. Winston Harrigan of East End; Messrs. Collins Hodge and John Rogers, both of Stoney Ground; Mr. Wallace Rey of George Hill; Mr. Abraham Harrigan of Little Dix; Mr. Joshua Edwards of Blowing Point and Mr. Charles Fleming of West End.

40. On 31 January, 1967, Dr. Herbert and two of his PAM executives (Mr. Richard Caines and Mr. Michael Powell) visited Anguilla and held meetings at South Hill, East End and The Valley. In their speeches the speakers praised the Anguillans for their protest marches and their defiance of the Statehood proposals.

★ PAM's Nine-Point Plan

41. In a letter dated 2 February, 1967, PAM forwarded to the Chief Minister the Party's Nine-Point Plan for local government in Nevis and in Anguilla. Dr. Herbert said in evidence to the Commission

main papers from the subjects listed below. Choice of examination papers is not restricted to the subjects offered in the particular Faculty to which the candidate is seeking admission.

Biology	Greek
Botany	History
British Constitution	Latin
Chemistry	Applied Mathematics
Economics	Pure Mathematics
English	Pure & Applied Mathematics
English Economic History	Physics
French	Spanish
Geography	Zoology.
Geology.	

NOTES (a) Biology may not be taken with Botany or Zoology.

(b) Pure & Applied Mathematics may not be taken with Pure Mathematics or Applied Mathematics.

(c) History may not be taken with British Constitution or English Economic History.

9. Applicants for the Scholarship Examination complete the same form as fee paying students but must indicate their wish to write the examination and return the form not later than 15th December, 1970. No late application will be considered.

10. If a candidate is unsuccessful in the scholarship examination and has also applied for entry as a fee paying student, he will automatically be considered on the same form for fee paying entry. No separate application is required.

11. Application forms are available from the Assistant Registrars, Student Affairs and Resident Tutors as indicated above (Par. 4) and should be in TRIPLICATE in the same way. Applications must be accompanied by a fee of J\$2.50, EC \$6.00 T. & T. \$6.00 which is not refundable in case of withdrawals.

that his Party had prepared this plan in an attempt to persuade the Anguillans to abandon their idea of secession. The letter reads as follows:

"Dear Sir,
The People's Action Movement and a substantial amount of the people of this territory, and particularly those in Anguilla, feel that they are not satisfied with the proposals as to the composition and functions of the proposed local government under our new Constitution.

Accordingly we demand that the following terms be complied with:

1. Proper Local Government now, before Statehood.
2. To be called the Anguilla Island Council and Nevis Island Council.
3. All the members to be elected.
4. The council to control roads, water and light, among other things.
5. The Chairman to be selected by the Council.
6. The Council to have a say in the Economic Development of the Island.
7. Clearly indicated sources of Revenue independent of the Central Government.
8. No power of Central Government to abolish or suspend Island Council.
9. Power to deal with lands now held by Government.

We request a reply within seven days of the above date.

(Signed) W. V. HERBERT, President of the People's Action Movement.

(Signed) PETER ADAMS, MLC for Anguilla (PAM).

(Signed) R. L. CAINES, Secretary (PAM).

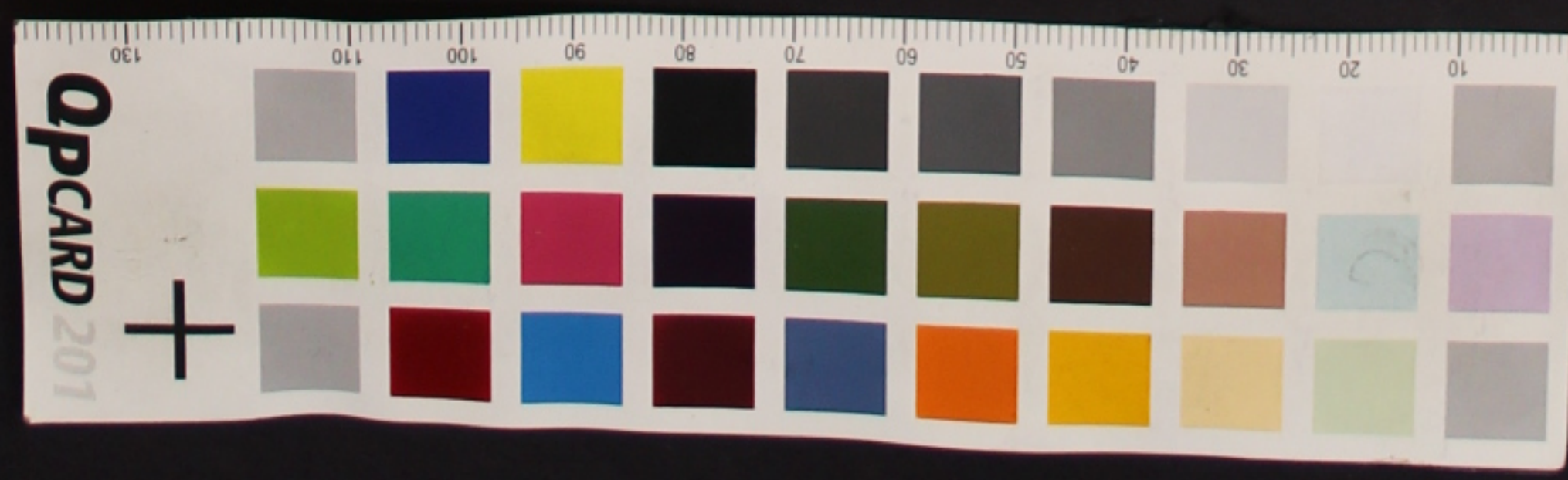
42. The Chief Minister's immediate reply to these "demands" was as follows:

"Dear Sir,
Reference is made to a letter of instant date addressed to me and signed by yourself as "(Secretary, PAM)" "P. E. Adams MLC for Anguilla of PAM" and "William Herbert, President of PAM", "referring to proposals as to the composition and functions of the proposed local government under our New Constitution."

There are no "proposals" before my Government.

Yours faithfully,
(Sgd.) ROBERT L. BRADSHAW, Chief Minister.

To be continued next week



● ANGUILLA COMMISSION REPORT —

ASSOCIATED STATEHOOD

CHAPTER THREE

Intermediate Steps

28. Following the break-up of the West Indies Federation and the failure of subsequent proposals for a federation of the Windward and Leeward Islands, the extent and form of self-government for these islands were discussed between them and Britain and all parties, except Montserrat, agreed to adopt Statehood in Association with Britain. Broadly speaking, it gave to the Associated States full internal self-government, reserved for Britain the control and direction of their defence and external affairs and made provision for terminating the association either by the British Government upon notice or by an Associated State on the authority of a resolution of its legislature confirmed by a two-thirds majority of voters on a referendum. In either event, the State would become wholly independent. The Constitutions of the various Associated States rest on to instruments: The West Indies Act 1967 and a Constitution Order for each State.

29. The Constitutional Conference for St. Kitts, Nevis and Anguilla was held in London in May 1966. The delegates included Mr. C. A. Paul Southwell, Chief Minister; Mr. R. L. Bradshaw, Minister without Portfolio; Mr. Eugene Walwyn, Member of Legislative Council (Nevis); Mr. Peter Adams, Member of Legislative Council (Anguilla); and Mr. Basil Dias, Attorney-General. Mr. Eugene Walwyn and Mr. Peter Adams, representing Nevis and Anguilla respectively, accepted the proposals and signed the Conference Report.

30. In July 1966 general elections were held in the colony and were keenly contested in all

three islands. In St. Kitts, the People's Action Movement (PAM) under the leadership of Dr. William Herbert opposed the St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla Labour Party led by Mr. Robert Bradshaw. The United National Movement under the leadership of Mr. Eugene Walwyn contested with PAM the seats in Nevis. In Anguilla, Mr. Adams having joined PAM became its candidate and was opposed by two independents. No other political party contested the Anguilla seat. In the result, the Labour Party won all seven seats in St. Kitts, PAM won one of the two in Nevis and the one in Anguilla, and the United National Movement won the other seat in Nevis. About a week before the elections Mr. Walwyn had declared that if his Party was successful in Nevis it would support the Labour Party in the Legislature. Mr. Walwyn was himself the elected member of his Party and he became the Attorney-General in the new Government. PAM formed the Opposition, but as the Leader of the Party, Dr. Herbert, had failed to gain a seat, Mr. Peter Adams, the representative from Anguilla, became the Leader of the Opposition.

31. One of the proposals discussed at the Constitutional Conference for St. Kitts, Nevis and Anguilla in May 1966 was the establishment of local government in Nevis and in Anguilla. On the initiative of the Chief Minister, the proposals had been debated and unanimously adopted by the Legislative Council prior to the Constitutional Conference. According to paragraph 27 of the Conference Report, "The Conference was informed of the wish of the Government of St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla to set up a system of local government in Nevis and in Anguilla; and agreed that the Constitution will provide for local government in those islands in a form the details of which should be decided by the

Legislature".
32. In pursuance of this agreement, s. 109 of the Constitution provided as follows:

"109 (1) There shall be a Council for Nevis and a Council for Anguilla, which shall be the principal organ of local government in the Island of Nevis and the Island of Anguilla respectively.

(2) The Council for Nevis and the Council for Anguilla respectively shall have such membership as the Legislature may prescribe:

Provided that of the members of each Council at least two-thirds shall be elected at elections at which all persons who are for the time being registered as voters in the Island of Nevis or the Island of Anguilla, as the case may be for the purpose of elections to the House of Assembly shall be entitled to vote.

(3) Notwithstanding anything in subsection (2) of this section until 1 January, 1968, or such earlier date as the Legislature may prescribe:

(a) the Council for Nevis and the Council for Anguilla shall, respectively, consist of such number of members as the Governor may determine;

(b) those members shall be appointed by the Governor, acting in accordance with the advice of the Premier; and

(c) before the Premier tenders advice to the Governor for the purposes of paragraph (b) of this subsection the Premier shall, unless no person then holds the office of Leader of the Opposition, consult the Leader of the Opposition".

33. During the course of the conference in London, the British Government undertook to send out a local government expert to make recommendations for the establishment of a modern system of local government in Nevis and in Anguilla. This was considered essential because of the lack of any experience of local government within the territory.

Visit of local government expert and opposition to Statehood.

34. In anticipation of the visit of the local government expert, the Government appointed a committee on 22 October, 1966, to prepare proposals for his consideration. The committee comprised the Administrator, the Chief Minister (now Mr. Bradshaw), the Attorney-General, Messrs. E. Walwyn and P. Adams, members of the Legislative Council for Nevis and Anguilla respectively, the Permanent Secretary

to the Chief Minister and the Chief Establishment Officer as members.

35. No meeting of the committee having been convened for some time, Mr. Adams enquired of the Chief Minister about the establishment of local government in Nevis and in Anguilla. Later, when it became known that the local government expert would be arriving in January the committee was summoned to meet on 23 December, 1966. We were told in evidence that the meeting was called at short notice and, because Mr. Adams was then in Anguilla, he was not notified. Subsequently, however, he was sent a copy of the minutes under cover of a letter dated 7 January, 1967, explaining why he had not been invited and asking for his comments on the proposals minuted. Thereafter Mr. Adams had copies of the minutes cyclostyled and circulated in Anguilla. A copy was subsequently published in *The Democrat*, an opposition newspaper published in St. Kitts.

36. In his evidence before the Commission, Dr. Herbert said that, following the publication of the minutes, a group from Anguilla including Messrs. Peter Adams, Alin Harrigan and Ronald Webster attended a meeting at PAM's headquarters in St. Kitts and urged that, unless the powers for contemplated local government were substantially more than those set out in the minutes, they would have nothing further to do with St. Kitts.

37. Mr. Peter Johnston, the local government expert, did not arrive in St. Kitts until the end of the third week in January 1967. On the eve of his visit to Anguilla meetings were held under the leadership of Messrs. Alin Harrigan, Ronald Webster and John Rogers at Blowing Point and The Valley in Anguilla. From accounts of these meetings available to us, the main complaints as expressed by the

speakers were:

(1) Between 1948 and 1967 membership of the Legislative Council had increased from 3 to 7 for St. Kitts, from 1 to 2 for Nevis, but for Anguilla it had remained at 1;

(2) St. Kitts had made progress—she had a radio station, a cigarette factory and a "beer factory", but Anguilla still had one doctor and a Warden-Magistrate;

(3) Kittitians did not like Anguillians, so affiliation with them would be to invite oppression and bloodshed;

(4) The Government in St. Kitts was restricting the free entry of foreigners, and this was already affecting Anguillians abroad;

(5) Anguilla was ignored generally—her name did not even appear on the number plates of vehicles; by contrast the term "Electricity Department of St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla" was a misnomer, since there was no public electricity in Anguilla;

(6) Mr. Bradshaw the Chief Minister had threatened that Anguillians would have to eat one another's bones and that he would turn Anguilla into a desert;

(7) Anguilla would be subject to heavy taxation if she went into Statehood with St. Kitts; Anguilla should seek to join Montserrat or Tortola and remain with England as a Crown Colony; England would be bound to keep Anguilla as a Colony since Anguilla was unwilling to associate with St. Kitts in Statehood;

(8) The signing of the Report of the Constitutional Conference by Mr. Peter Adams did not indicate agreement with Statehood, but only gave members of the delegation "permission to negotiate for Statehood";

(9) The Chief Minister had

Continued On Page 8

STUDY IN THE U.S.A. IN EXCITING "MIDTOWN" OF NEW YORK CITY

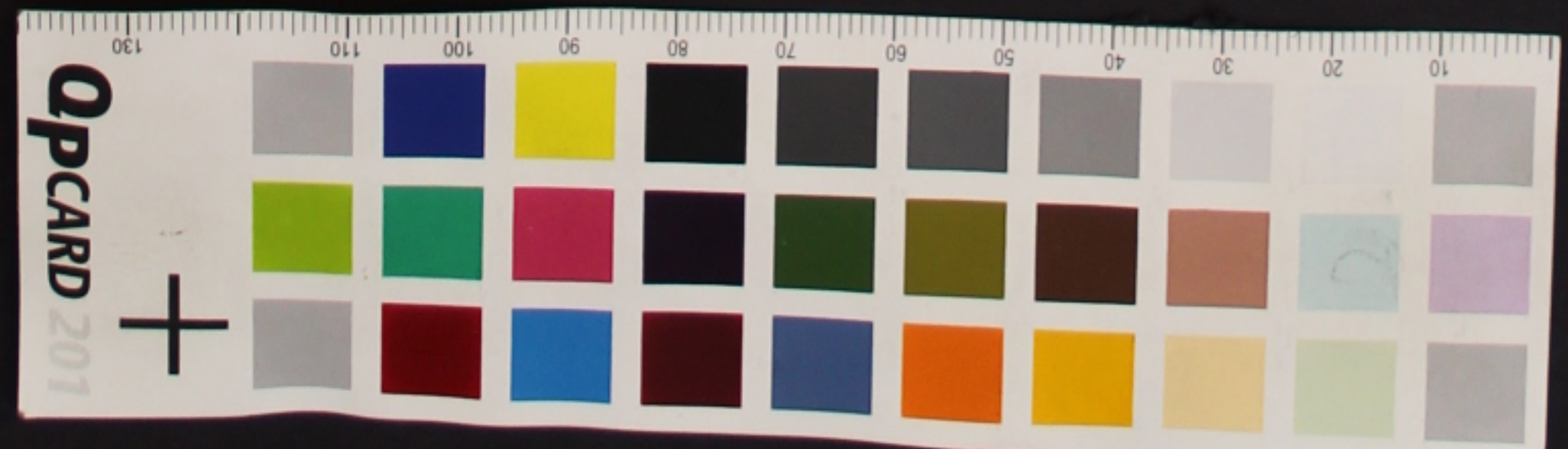
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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Bradshaw Loses Anguilla

Premier Robert Bradshaw has now lost Anguilla. Indeed he has. But no one around here in his true senses could seriously claim to be surprised at this. Bradshaw, accompanied by his Attorney General Eugene Walwyn and two fledgling lawyers, Moore and Bryant, apparently departed for London somehow intent on bearding the political and constitutional legal giants in their den at the Commonwealth Office. Knowing the man as we do, it seems fair to assume that he tried to railroad his dictatorial views and imperious behaviour down the throats of his hosts, and was unconciliatory in his outlook.

This intransigence is quite unforgivable, against the background of earlier utterances by him to the effect that the Wooding Report could be the basis of a settlement with the Anguillians. But alas! The B.B.C. broadcasts made it crystal clear that he was

totally uncompromising, insisting that force be used to regain Anguilla. London quite correctly told him that this would not be tolerated. That he still cannot see the sheer impracticability and injustice of such action is alarming for a modern-day leader.

His views on this issue, like on so many others, have obviously calcified, so how modern is he in fact or outlook? Nor can his legal trio emerge without tarnish. The dilemma of Walwyn could be imagined. If, on one hand, he advised the use of force on Anguilla, he must have momentarily forgotten the budding secessionist aspirations of his own people in Nevis (nurtured by no less a person than himself!) Would he advocate force against Nevis too if he felt it necessary? If, on the other hand, he counselled moderation by Bradshaw (whether on the hard reality of the situation or inwardly heading

echoes of his former separatist ideals), then his advice was rejected by Bradshaw.

Both men ought now to resign and removed themselves from the political scene, repudiated as they now stand, both at home and in the eyes of the world. How can Britain have any further faith in Bradshaw's stewardship? As Federal Finance Minister he was a central figure in the pathetic break-up of the former West Indies Federation. Now again, in a hauntingly similar situation, he finds himself the leading actor in the threatened break-up of our three-island State.

Can everyone else always be wrong while he alone is always right; wise and blameless? If he has a vestige of pride or conscience still left after this latest fiasco in London, he would resign at once. By contrast, Ronald Webster and his brave people have emerged with creditable stature, and with an acknowledgement by London, and the world, of the validity in their not wanting to have anything to do with Bradshaw or his Government.

It must always be borne in mind that the Anguillians did not reject association with St. Kitts as such. They distinctly reject association with Bradshaw's government.

OBSERVER

SANDY POINT COMMUNITY CENTRE AGAIN

As a Sandy Pointer I was very pleased with an article written by Vigilant Sandy Pointer in your issue of November 28 concerning the refusal of a certain individual to allow the members of the Self-help Group to use the Community Centre.

we being looked upon by the authorities as primitive? During last week and part of the week before, Sandy Point was without street lights at nights. It was a most welcome relief when we saw lights again on Monday evening.

It is a good thing to see that at last this man, who feels that he has so much power to do as he pleases, has been exposed. As a humble person in my community I think that Sandy Pointers should really show him that he cannot do as he pleases. We should resist him in every way and show him that we would no longer be subjected to his self-given powers.

Why were we in darkness for that period? Is it that something fishy was going on? Some persons think so.

Rain is falling heavily these days but what we see happening is that we have no water. It is the practice these days in Sandy Point for people to fill every available utensil whenever it rains heavily.

A matter comes to my mind concerning the Sandy Point Building Board. It seems as if this man has a "one man building board" and does just as he likes. There is a certain clerk to this one-man board who, it is rumoured, charges \$3.00 whenever he goes to measure or check land. This to my mind is a very serious affair and persons who have been charged should report the matter to someone in authority.

People of Sandy Point, I am appealing to you to see carefully what is happening to you. On the one hand there is the man who feels that he can rule and do as he pleases. He should be harassed. He is acting illegally. It is difficult to think that this man holds high offices in a church and is trying his utmost to create much trouble and confusion. To me he is self-appointed and no one should go to him concerning anything in respect to the use of any COMMUNITY building.

The Ministry concerned should take note of what is going on here. It seems as if the government looks upon us in Sandy Point with contempt. I say that a proper Building Board should be established in our community. Sandy Pointers, it is time that you demand certain things that are right. This man who feels that he is all powerful and can do as he likes should be put in his place.

If the authorities do not see it fit to appoint a proper and legal committee, then we should do everything to get one. So readers, especially Sandy Pointers, there is this man trying everything to put hardships on us. Beware, Sandy Pointers! stand up and resist him. Next, there is this contempt by Government in not giving any proper facilities and legal committees. People like the vigilant Sandy Pointers, I call upon you to be wise and make up your mind before it is too late.

Christmas is coming and not even a post box has been erected in Sandy Point. Are

LOYAL SANDY POINTER

P PUBLIC MEETING
A at PALL MALL SQUARE
M on DEC. 20, at 8.30 p. m.
ALL ARE INVITED.

Nevisians, "Wait A Little Longer"

I would like to congratulate you for your editorial entitled "Nevisians Have A Glorious Chance - If They Wait", which appeared in *The Democrat* of November 28. I am a Nevisian and I am very perplexed over the political situation in my island during the past months.

Nevisians would not like to see themselves being ruled another five years by Bradshaw's Government. No Never again!

stration was 'a leaf out of their book'. Surely, if you spit in the air it must fall in your face.

I was animated somewhat over the weekend due to the above mentioned headline. I do support the article and would like to encourage my countrymen to hold on a little more remembering that patience is a virtue. I know that Nevisians have always been patient therefore, I am requesting them to wait on a little longer upon two very important issues viz;

Now we come to the vexed question which caused much concern last week: The Civil Servants' demonstration. Was it reasonable and justifiable? From the number of sympathisers that followed, it was seen very clearly that the Civil Servants were quite justified in demonstrating. Letters have been - and I understand will be - published so that the public will be brought up to date with what was going on. It can then be said that the Civil Servants have had great faith indeed.

In concluding, I would like to touch on the behaviour of our so-called Acting Governor. Can you imagine seeing the Queen's representative refusing to take a petition from the machinery of government? (The President of the Civil Service Association and its affiliates?) Well this was done on Monday November 30, 1970. His attitude was abominable and deplorable.

- The ultimate result of the Anguilla situation and
- Election results next year.

As far as a solution is concerned, we must realise that whatever affects Anguilla will also affect Nevis. Of course this depends largely upon next year's election results because, I am very certain that

Civil Servants are the machinery of government and if one fails to lubricate any machine, there is bound to be a breakdown. Civil Servants' lubrication in this case is the money which is due to them since January of this year and which to date they have not received.

I am of the opinion that he was instructed not to take the petition, but be it as it may, I would have thought that as the Queen's Representative he should have taken it since it was a part of his duty to do so.

He has now shown the world that he is not capable to hold the office of Governor. Consequently, I now call upon the public to demonstrate against him and to request the appropriate authorities to have such a post filled by a capable and non-politically-inclined person.

The Bradshaw regime taught Kittitians how to demonstrate so the Civil Servants' demon-

NEVISIAN

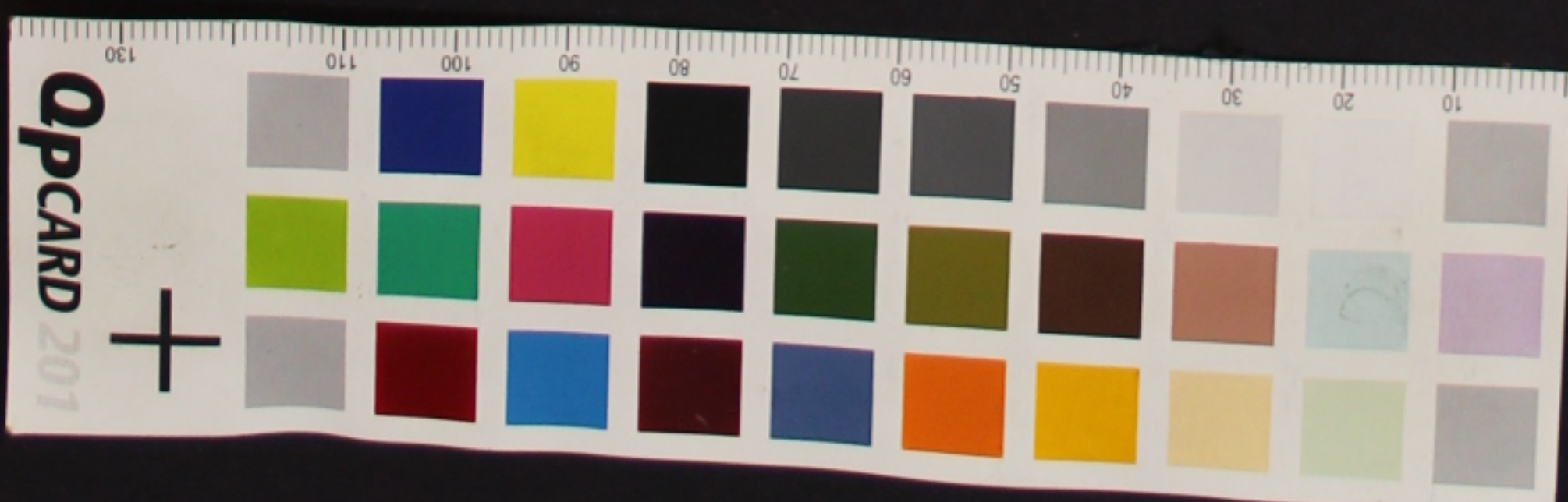
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De Witt's Pills
The Powerful Tonic Medicine



● BRITAIN WARNS BRADSHAW—

“Force Against Anguilla Will Not Be Tolerated”

THE FOUR-DAY TALKS IN LONDON between Premier Robert Bradshaw and the British Government concerning the future of Anguilla ended in disagreement on Tuesday, and according to a BBC report Britain issued a warning to the Premier that any resort to use force against Anguilla would not be tolerated.

The report stated that the British Government had proposed that after a cooling off period a referendum could eventually be held under international supervision to decide Anguilla's future.

The BBC diplomatic correspondent said that Bradshaw opposed any idea of greater autonomy for Anguilla and showed his determination to have the Anguillans brought back into the fold of the State. Britain, insisting that this cannot be done against the wishes of the islanders, made it clear to the premier “that any resort to force will not be tolerated” and that two British frigates are now kept stationed in the Caribbean.

During the programme London Calling the Caribbean the same evening, Patrick Keithley, diplomatic correspondent of the Guardian

commented:

“There has been a breakdown; there is a deadlock. It is not in the nature of Governments to come right out and say that. I have never seen it in all the years I have been concerned with the Foreign and Commonwealth Office, but correspondents have been able to establish very quickly that there has been a head on clash.

“The British Minister, Mr. Godber, is a large, calm man and with Mr. Bradshaw, Premier of St. Kitts, there has just been no meeting of minds. At the same time there have been proposals put by the British Minister and I think he is hoping that as Mr. Bradshaw heads for home — and indeed when he gets back in Basseterre — he will talk to the other Ministers and perhaps have second thoughts. Personally, I think that's over optimistic, but still it is a

reasonable approach by an eminently reasonable British Minister”.

He went on to say that the Senior Naval Officer in the West Indies has the two British frigates at his disposal and as there is seventy-two miles of water between Anguilla and St. Kitts, the ships can be interposed to see that there is no scuffling and kidnaps. In other words, Britain can hold the rein in security terms.

He said he would not be surprised to see H.M.G. Commissioner having to take on additional powers because there is a problem. Mr. Godber recognises that there are no courts functioning in the island since almost three years and that the technical matter as to the sale of land remains to be rectified; fortunately, the Anguillans are law-abiding, but the situation cannot continue indefinitely.

Asked whether he thought that Bradshaw will stand for nothing else but bringing the Anguillans completely back into the St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla fold, Mr. Keithley said:

“As it stands, this is what we gather as correspondents.....he is saying that if Britain removes herself altogether from off the scene he, Mr. Bradshaw, will get them (the Anguillans) back into line. And Anguilla is very tough stuff, but apparently that's his mood. If on the other hand he wants to accept the package deal which British Ministers have prepared and which Mr. Godber has personally shaped, I think that is quite a lot of a package.”

He hinted that one of the things in the deal was “that big international airfield built that St. Kitts wants for tourism. It is something to the order of £2 to 3 million. “St. Kitts just does not have that money in her budget. If she were to work with the British on a new form of autonomy bringing self-rule for Anguilla, I think that may be part of the various benefits coming along in the aid package”.

On Wednesday morning in commentary after the BBC news, a commentator said in part:

“It is a long history of antagonism between Anguilla and St. Kitts going far back

in the Victorian time when the Anguillans presented a petition to their Governor asking to be disassociated from the larger island seventy-two miles away. This comes out strongly in the Wooding Commission Report...”

He continued: “Men of the Royal Engineers are now making good a lot of deficiencies like road building and the like, but over in St. Kitts, Mr. Bradshaw makes no secret of the fact that he wants Anguilla back under his rule from the centre. He even talks of using force or starving the Anguillans back into submission but that can't happen because Britain is holding the rein.”

“When Mr. Bradshaw was invited here for the talks, British Ministers hoped he would see the Anguillans' case for greater autonomy, greater control of their own affairs, and increased parliamentary representation but the talks have ended in deadlock and one factor is the human one. There is still personal antagonism between him and the Anguillian leader, Ronald Webster.

“What the Anguillans fear is that ticket for independence. If Mr. Bradshaw exercises it on his two-thirds majority, then they would have no court of appeal in London or anywhere else. But there is one other possibility hardly discussed so far: if there were no other way out, presumably Britain could simply divide the Associate State separating Anguilla and taking it back under direct colonial rule by Britain.”

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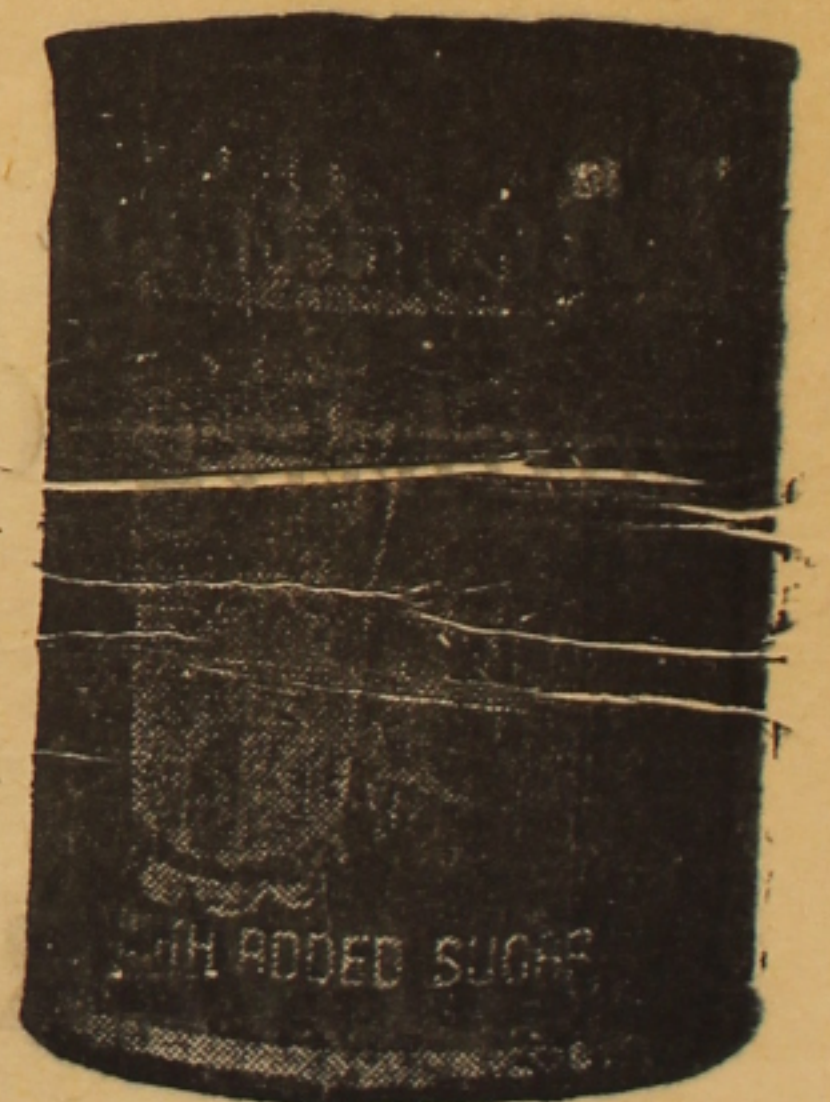
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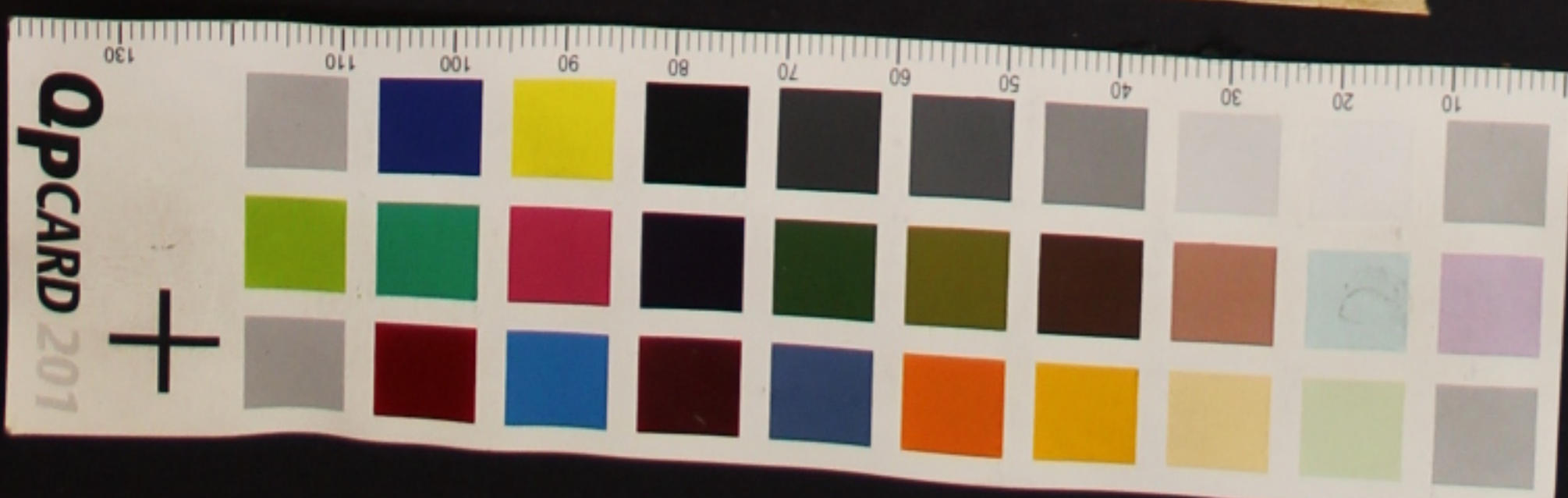
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British Gov't Express Willingness for . . .

(Continued From Page 1)

Interviewer: And your reaction to that is:

Bradshaw: No. They have enough of colonialism and imperialism in the Commonwealth Caribbean and the West Indies and the Caribbean generally. I say NO.

Questioned as to how far he accepts the Wooding recommendations that his Government should allow a measure of autonomy for Anguilla, Bradshaw said:

"We would go through the Wooding Report very carefully, for some of its recommendations infringe pretty heavily upon the Central Government's power; but our attitude has been to make concessions in the direction of giving Nevis and Anguilla a greater say in the running

of their island affairs while retaining the unitary system of Government....."

Interviewer: And you are saying the British Government did not express a willingness to have this plan and therefore that is the point where talks broke down?

Bradshaw: I did not say they did not express a willingness. They said that the Wooding Commission Report is an admirable documental piece of paper but at this point of time it cannot work. They just rejected it.

Interviewer: Does this mean that the British Government have accepted wholly the Anguilla position that in no circumstances would they accept the Wooding recommendations?

Bradshaw: It would seem so, yes.

Later in the day an official spokesman for the Foreign and Commonwealth Office issued a statement on the breakdown of the Anguilla talks. It reads:

"The...disagreement which we regret is that Mr. Bradshaw seems still to think that the Anguillians must be forcibly returned to the Associate State. Our fundamental position is that the Anguillians must not be forced to live under an administration they do not want.

"Reference to the use of force seems to indicate that Mr. Bradshaw may not be entirely reconciled to the Wooding Proposals.

"As to the question of money, it was made clear at the beginning of the present series of talks that the budgetary aid and other funds due to St. Kitts from Her Majesty's Government would not be affected in any way whatso-

ever by the outcome of those talks.

"Nevertheless, we have said that if the Anguillan problem could be solved thus leading to stable conditions in which tourism could be more easily developed, we might be able to make further sums available for such development."

Earlier, Bradshaw refuted a statement in the Daily Telegraph that there were prospects that he would turn to Haiti for military support (to use against Anguilla), and that in England he had spoken of his friendship with dictator Francois Duvalier.

He said the only time he had seen the self-sworn pre-

sident-for-life was when he and his Public Relations Officer, Lee Moore, had met him at the airfield where he (Duvalier), had gone to welcome his children.

Readers are reminded that in October last year Bradshaw, while on his way to Jamaica accompanied by Moore, had, according to Radio ZIZ, "paid a brief visit to Haiti to call on the President, Dr. Duvalier, and some other Ministers of Government."

On his return to St. Kitts, the Premier spoke gloriously of his impressions of Haiti, although it is an exceedingly poor totalitarian State feared by many; and he expressed a desire to revisit it.

St. Kitts Christmas Festivities Committee CHRISTMAS PROGRAMME

THURSDAY DECEMBER 17TH

Round the island Motorcade. Starting from Greenlands Park at 2.30 p.m.

TEEN & TWENTY DANCE

At the FACTORY SOCIAL CENTRE
9 p.m. — 2 a.m. ENTRANCE FEE \$1.50

SATURDAY DECEMBER 26TH

Judging of Troupes at the Circus

"MISS ST. KITTS SHOW & DANCE" DANCE ONLY \$1.00

MISS GLORIA SMITH (Miss Bell's Whisky)
Sponsored by Messrs S. L. Horsford & Co. Ltd.
Vital Statistics 33—25—35. Height: 5ft. 6ins.

MISS JOAN MARTIN
Sponsored by Messrs J. W. Thurston & Co. Ltd.
Vital Statistics 36—24—38. Height: 5ft. 5ins.

MISS AMORELLE WARNER (Miss Lux Beauty Soap)
Sponsored by Messrs Delisle Walwyn & Co. Ltd.
Vital Statistics 36—26—39. Height: 5ft. 7ins.

MISS JUDITH WARNER (Miss Coca-Cola)
Sponsored by St. Kitts Bottling Co.
Vital Statistics 33—24—35. Height: 5ft. 5ins.

MISS ELAINE LYNCH-WADE (Miss Carib)
Sponsored by St. Kitts Breweries Ltd.
Vital Statistics 34—25—38. Height: 5ft. 7ins.

TUESDAY DECEMBER 29TH

KIDDIES COSTUME PARTY

At the FACTORY SOCIAL CENTRE
Entrance by Ticket ONLY — 50cents.

FRIDAY JANUARY 1ST. New Year's Day

Parade of Bands & Troupes

Place of assembly South of the Old Botanic Garden

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Unreserved \$3.00 — STANDING SPACE \$1.00

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